



## PRESIDENT TAKES HARD RAP AT CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE

### Wires Government's Views on Japanese School Bill

### TO SPEAKER STANTON

### If Measure Passes Federal Courts Would Have to Test Legislature

### JAPS ARE KEEPING PROMISE

### Roosevelt Declares Japanese Government is Loyal and is Carrying Out Policy Exactly as This Country is.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—"The policy of the administration to combine the maximum efficiency in achieving the real object which the people of the Pacific slope have at heart with a minimum friction and trouble, while misguided men who advocate such action as this against which I protest are following a policy which combines the very minimum efficiency with the maximum of insult and which, while totally failing to achieve any real result for good, yet might accomplish an infinity of harm."

In this language Roosevelt in a long telegram to Speaker Stanton of the California assembly set forth today the government's view of the Japanese school bill.

The President states the bill gives just cause for irritation and that the government would be obliged to immediately take action in the federal courts to test such legislation because it is held to be clearly in violation of the treaty and obligations of the United States. The telegram to Stanton was sent after a conference with Senator Flint and Representative Kahn of California and Franklin K. Lane of the interstate commerce commission.

The President says the administration is zealously guarding the interests of the people of California and the entire West and says:

"The Japanese government is loyal and in good faith doing its part to carry out this policy precisely as the American government is doing. The policy aims at mutuality of obligation and behavior. In accordance with it the purpose is that the Japanese shall come here exactly as

Americans go to Japan, which is in effect that travelers, students, persons engaged in international business, men who sojourn for pleasure or pleasure or study and the like, shall have the freest access from one country to the other and shall be sure of the best treatment but there shall be no settlement in mass by the people of either country in the other."

The President says that more Japanese have left the United States than have come into it in the last six months by other 2000.

Referring to the test of such legislation in the courts, Roosevelt says: "On this point I refer you to numerous decisions of the United States supreme court in regard to state laws which violate treaty obligations of the United States. Legislation could accomplish nothing beneficial and would certainly cause some mischief."

The President appeals to the sound judgment and people of California, and says:

"If in the next year or two the action of the federal government fails to achieve what it is now achieving, then the further action of the president and congress it can be made entirely efficient."

### BLEW IT ALL IN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Although he had only ten cents in cash in his pockets a boy of 19 years, who said that he was Frank K. Miller of Little Rock, Ark., said that he had spent \$13,000 within three months. This information he confided to the detectives after he had been arrested last night on the complaint of the manager of a local hotel, who charged that young Miller passed a worthless check at the Hotel. The boy had recently been staying at the Hotel Astor and has cashed several checks there, which he admitted were worthless, according to the police. A bankbook, showing an account of \$600 was found on him. It was issued by the National Bank of Commerce of Dallas, Texas. Hiller said that he had inherited considerable money from his father and has been "blowing it in."

### STILL NO CLUE.

OTTUMWA, Ia., Feb. 8.—Joseph Hopkins, colored, was arrested in connection with the murder of Clara Rosen, was released tonight together with all other persons arrested on suspicion.

### REFUSE VACCINATION.

LONG BEACH, Cal., Feb. 8.—Nearly 800 children were dismissed from the public schools because their parents decline to permit them to be vaccinated.

## FULTON BILL REPORT-ED UNFAVORABLE

### Senator Elkins Supports Committee's Adverse Action on Railroad Measure

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8.—Senator Elkins, chairman of the senate committee on the interstate commerce presented a report to the senate today in support of the committee's adverse action on the Fulton bill which would authorize the suspension by the interstate commerce commission of a proposed change of rates by railroads upon protest of the shippers. The report says the adoption would offer a premium to every shipper to enter a protest against any advance in rates whether they are reasonable or unreasonable, and that it would ultimately turn over to the interstate commerce commis-

### GENERAL STAND IN.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Application will be made in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals this week to admit C. W. Morse, the former banker to bail, pending argument on his appeal from the sentence in the federal prison in Atlanta, for violating the national banking laws. Morse is in the Tombs and application for bail has heretofore been refused, but permission was given his counsel to make further application when the appeal is filed. The convicted banker's counsel are greatly encouraged at the number of prominent men who have signed the petition asking that he be admitted to bail. Among the signers are many well known merchants, railroad men, bankers, brokers and prominent men of affairs. It is said also that John W. McKinnon, liquidating agent of the National Bank of North America of which Morse was vice-president, during the panic, has signed the petition and that stockholders of the bank will make a special plea for Morse.

### COSTS \$70,000 A WEEK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—In order to carry on their strike, the United Hatters of North America have sent out an appeal for funds. It is estimated that it will require \$70,000 a week to pay all the strike benefits to the 20,000 hatters who are on strike. The strike situation was discussed yesterday at the meeting of the Central Federation Union here, and a committee which was appointed to ask the city authorities to see that the union label was in all police helmets reported that Police Commissioner Bingham had acted favorably on the request.

## INTERSTATE COMMERCE REACH DECISION

### LEAVES ALL OPEN WATER CARRIAGE OPEN TO FREE COMPETITION.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—Carriers of interstate commerce by water "Are subject to the act to regulate commerce only in the respect of traffic transported under a common control, agreement or arrangement with a rail carrier," says the decision of the interstate commerce commissioner today. The commission divided on the matter. The decision holds that "The act controls the all-rail and the part-rail and part-water transportation and leaves all other water carriage open to free competition."

### WITHOUT FOOD.

NORFOLK, Va., Feb. 8.—The torpedo boat Peter caught with the torpedo boats Worden, Schubrick, Stockton, in the terrific storm at Cape Hatteras put back to Norfolk. The provisions are water-soaked and the crews with nothing to eat, will return to Norfolk. The crew is greatly exhausted from the storm and two are slightly injured.

### ACTIVITY WORRIES THEM.

PEKIN, Feb. 8.—Foreign residents of Harbin are alarmed at the activity there has been in Russia for the past fortnight, are installing a municipal administration hitherto held in abeyance and in overpowering Chinese authority, collecting taxes, and exercising severe police measures. It is further reported that Russian authorities are ignoring the treaty of rights to other nations, and that the vicereignty at Mukden is considerably excited over the situation.

### AURELIA DAMAGED.

Schooner Loses 100,000 Feet of Lumber Cargo in Severe Storm.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—The steam schooner Aurelia arrived today from Gray's Harbor with 100,000 feet of lumber, her deckload gone, due to the terrible storms. The vessel is considerably damaged.

## MEETING MUCH OPPOSITION

### Anti-Japanese Legislation in Oregon

### BAILEY WORKING HARD

### Author of Resolution Will Make Hard Fight to Put His Bill Through

### MUCH ROOSEVELT ATTITUDE

### While Bailey is Persistent Many of the President's Friends Are Working Faithfully to Sidetrack Exclusion Measure.

SALEM, Or., Feb. 8.—Anti-Japanese legislation in Oregon legislature is meeting considerable opposition. Friends of the President are working strenuously to defeat legislation along these lines which are objectionable to Roosevelt, Bailey, who introduced the resolution to the senate will make a fight in the resolutions committee of which he is a member and will endeavor to have his resolution go through. The house today passed an amended water code bill and after a lengthy discussion the good roads bill in the senate was referred to a special committee. The Sunday closing bill proposed by Abrams was argued at length in the house.

Many clergymen and others are being arrayed against theatrical and Seventh-Day Adventists. The bill is characterized as a religious measure contrary to the constitution. The bill will be taken up again.

Owing to the feeling in the house which the anti-Japanese sentiment is making strong it is likely that if the Bailey resolution will be beaten in the senate by an adverse report, a resolution of similar character will be introduced in the house.

Senator Bailey has collected a mass of statistics with which he intends to use, discussing the exclusion question.

## MISS SUNDAY MEETS FATE ON MONDAY

### DAUGHTER OF NOTED EVANGELIST TO WED REV. G. E. STEVENS OF SPOKANE.

### ACTIVITY WORRIES THEM.

OLYMPIA, Feb. 8.—McMaster's local option bill advanced to the third reading in the house today for vote on final passage Wednesday or Thursday. The Senate passed the bill requiring hotels to provide fire escapes on all structures over two stories. Sanitary conditions were regulated and sheets prescribed to be 81 by 90 inches. The Senate also passed the bill which has the effect of relieving from responsibility owners of mills and factories for accidents to employees resulting from removal by employees of safety devices prescribed by the factory inspection law.

### GOULD WILL RETIRE.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—George Gould acclaims the report that he will retire from active participation of the management of the railroad and his other interests.

### DESTROYERS IN STORM.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Feb. 8.—The torpedo boat destroyer Worden arrived late yesterday from Norfolk, yater what Lieutenant Richardson, commanding, declared was the roughest trip he had ever taken.

The Worden left Hampton Roads Friday morning with the torpedo boats Porter, Shubrick and Stockton for Charleston, but the first day out a terrific gale was encountered and the Porter was forced to put back.

The Stockton made Beaufort, N. C., and the Shubrick put in at Morehead City, but the Worden succeeded in reaching here in safety.

### LOFTY PARALLELS.

Chicago Pastors Preaching Moses and Lincoln as Kindred Spirits.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—On the eve of the week's celebration of the Lincoln centennial in Chicago, pastors took the life of the great emancipator as their theme.

"Moses, as the liberator of the Hebrew people and Lincoln as the liberator of the colored race have been many things in common," said the Rev. H. O. Hofstead, "and if we could summon the spirits of both of them, as Saul is reported to have summoned the spirit of Samuel by means of the Witch of Endor, we could strike a parallel in their lives."

"Lincoln has justly earned a nation's devotion unequalled in the world's history," said Dr. N. I. Rubinkam. "The nation is today fulfilling his desire: 'I want it said of me by those who know me best, that I always plucked a thistle and planted a flower when I thought a flower would grow'."

"Lincoln was not the product of a single year, of a single life, of a single vine," declared Father P. J. O'Callaghan. "He was the product of mankind and mankind with the virtues of the Christian era were the product of Jesus Christ; they were from the vine and out of the vine they have drawn their sap and their nourishment."

### REACHES SENATE.

CARSON, Nev., Feb. 8.—In the Nevada legislature today the assembly bill prohibiting Japanese and Chinese acquiring lands acting as corporation agents came to the senate. It was referred to the judiciary committee where it will probably sleep or be reported unfavorably.

### ANOTHER COLD WAVE.

HELENA, Mont., Feb. 8.—For the second time this winter the mercury took a big fall. The cold wave in all parts of the state where the thermometer is registering from 16 to 34 below zero.

### MISS WALSH IMPROVING.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 8.—Miss Blanche Walsh, the actress in the hospital here, is so much improved that her manager says she will be able to resume her engagements at the end of the month. She is suffering with enlarged liver, but it is not believed that an operation will be necessary.

### MUST USE WIRELESS.

President Recommends Immediate Legislation For Steamers.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8.—Roosevelt sent a message with charges for recommending immediate legislation requiring within a reasonable limitation of time all ocean going steamships carrying a considerable number of passengers to carry an efficient wireless telegraph equipment.

### STANTON IS CONTRARY.

Admits Message From President and Later Denies It.

HOUSTON, Miss., Feb. 8.—Speaker Stanton of the state assembly received another lengthy telegram from Roosevelt today on the Japanese legislation but declined to make public its contents. He first said he had nothing to make public without the president's sanction then absolutely denied that he had received any message whatever from Roosevelt today.

## HOUSE TAKES ACTION ON MANY IMPORTANT MEASURES

### MORE ANTI-RACING BILLS.

CARSON, Nev., Feb. 8.—The anti-race track gambling bill was introduced to the assembly today. A hard fight for and against it is expected.

### ELEVEN JURORS SECURED.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 8.—After four weeks' effort 11 citizens are qualified to try Patrick Calhoun, president of the United Railways, on 17 indictments of bribery.

## McMASTER'S BILL UP FOR THIRD READING

### WILL BE VOTED FOR FINAL PASSAGE WEDNESDAY ON THURSDAY

SPOKANE, Feb. 8.—Six weeks of persistent wooing by Rev. George G. Stevens, a pastor struggling in an obscure church of Spokane, won the day on Miss Helen Sunday, the daughter of the noted evangelist who surrendered heart and hand. It has been hinted that Stevens will become Sunday's first assistant succeeding Rev. C. B. Pledger who is in the hospital here.

### SOLDIERS TO 'FRISCO.

CHICAGO, Feb. 8.—The first squadron of the 13th Regiment of Cavalry now stationed at Fort Sheridan, has been ordered to San Francisco and preparations for the long overland trip are now being made. The entire 13th Cavalry is affected by special orders issued from the War Department.

The squadron from Fort Sheridan will be joined by a full squadron from Fort Myer, Va., and by the Third Kas.

The entire regiment has been instructed to reach San Francisco in time to sail for the Philippines March 6.

### THE SENATE POWER.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8.—A resolution introduced today by Senator Rayner declaring that the Senate has power to compel obedience to any summons of the Senate and also the giving of testimony and production of documents by witnesses when summoned. The resolution included on its declaration of power in such matter, "All civil officers of the United States," it was ordered to

### Urgency Deficiency Bill Agreed Without Debate

### CHANGE HOUSE RULES

### Insurgents to Introduce Resolution Providing Change in Speaker's Power

### MANY BEHIND MOVEMENT

### Changes Proposed in Rules Make it Impossible For Speaker to be a Member of Any Standing or on Conference Committee.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 8.—The House passed a bill permitting a change of entry in the case of mistake in description of tracts of land intended to be entered under the homestead laws.

The House committee on territories today reported out a bill to give school teachers in Alaska the same power as marshals and deputies to make arrests.

In the house today the urgency deficiency bill was agreed to without debate. The bill goes to the President. The report finally disposed of the item of \$12,000 for automobiles for the white house by authorizing the necessary appropriation.

The house insurgents who advocating a number of rules governing that body will introduce a resolution tomorrow providing radical changes and a proposed limit of the power of speaker. The resolution be signed and jointly introduced by all those who have come out against the present rules and these claim that more have expressed the intention of helping in the movement. The changes proposed make it impossible for a speaker to be a member of any standing or on conference committees. The speaker is no wa member of the committee on rules to which the resolution will be referred. It also takes from the speaker the power to appoint a standing committee, and the power being given to a committee on rules and committees. The latter committee is created to consist of 15 members, nine of whom shall be of the majority party. The mem-

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## MANY SENATORS SIDE WITH PERKINS

### Representative Knowland Expresses Opinion That Perkins Did Not Deserve Presidents Censure

WASHINGTON, D. C., Feb. 8.—The fact that in the prospective reorganization the Senate committee, Senator Perkins of California will succeed Senator Hale of Maine as chairman of the committee of naval affairs, has had the effect of adding to the interest in the President's reference to California senator as one who has hampered with the growth of the navy. The subject discussed today in both houses congress received the special attention of the members of the California delegation. Representative Knowland expressed the opinion that Perkins had not deserved the President's censure. He said Perkins rendered conspicuous service in bringing the navy to the present high standard efficiency; that he had

been urging for the past two years with other members of the California delegation the retention of a formidable fleet to the Pacific waters and said:

"If serious situation has existed in our relations with Japan it would appear to have been criminal to take the entire fleet from the Pacific waters. The president should be backed in his efforts to settle the Japanese matter by diplomacy but we must avoid an expression of undue fear." Under the guise of considering the nomination of Crum, the senate in executive session discussed the Japanese question, and incidentally the President's criticism of Senator Perkins, who was defended in his course in naval matters by his colleagues.